

# Arabische Cijfers

1 2 3 4 5 6

7 8 9 10 11 12 13

14 15 16 17 18 19 20

# Romeinse Cijfers

$$I = 1$$

$$II = 2$$

$$III = 3$$

$$IV = 4$$

$$V = 5$$

$$VI = 6$$

$$VII = 7$$

$$VIII = 8$$

$$IX = 9$$



# Maya Cijfers



0



1



2



3



4



5



6



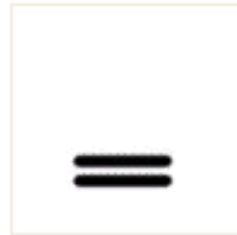
7



8



9



10



11



12



13



14



15



16



17



18



19




20

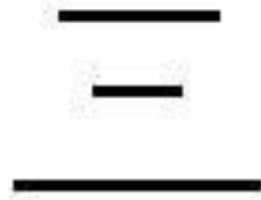
# Chinese (mandarijns) Cijfers

A single horizontal black line.

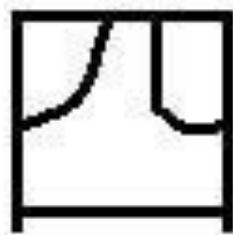
1

Two horizontal black lines, one above the other.

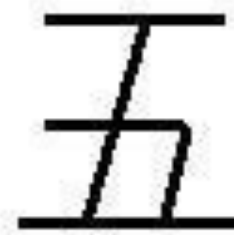
2

Three horizontal black lines, one above the other.

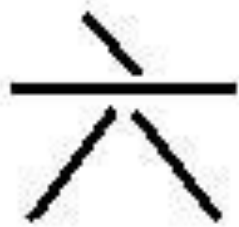
3

A square frame with a vertical line on the right side and a horizontal line at the bottom. A curved line starts from the top-left corner, goes down, then right, then up to the top-right corner.

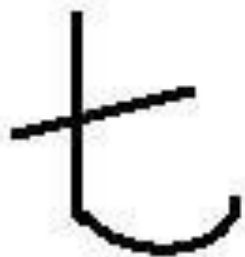
4

A horizontal line at the top, a horizontal line in the middle, and a horizontal line at the bottom. A vertical line runs through the center, with a small horizontal tick at the top and bottom.

5

A horizontal line at the top. Two diagonal lines cross it from the top-left and top-right corners, meeting at a point below the line. The lines curve downwards and outwards.

6

A vertical line on the left. A horizontal line crosses it from the top-left. The line curves downwards and then back up to the right.

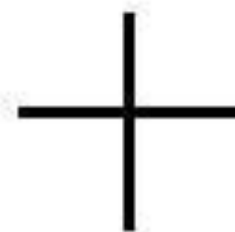
7

Two curved lines that meet at the top and curve downwards and outwards.

8

A vertical line on the left. A horizontal line crosses it from the top-left. The line curves downwards and then back up to the right, ending in a small hook.

9

A simple cross shape formed by a vertical line and a horizontal line intersecting at their centers.

10

# Oud Indiase Cijfers

—	=	≡	ƚ	⌒	φ	⌑	⌓	⌒
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
α	○	⌑	⌒	⌑	⌒	⌑	⊖	⊕
10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90
⌑	⌑	⌑	⌑	⌑	⌑	⌑	⌑	⌑
100	200	500	1000	4000	70000			